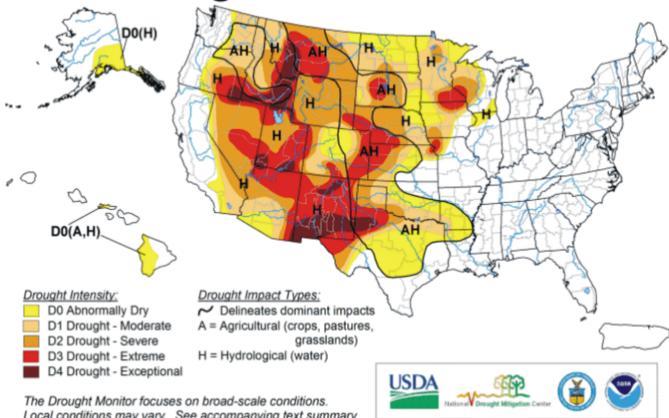
DNR Drought Assessment Committee Meeting January Presentation Jan. 13, 2004



U.S. Drought Monitor

January 6, 2004

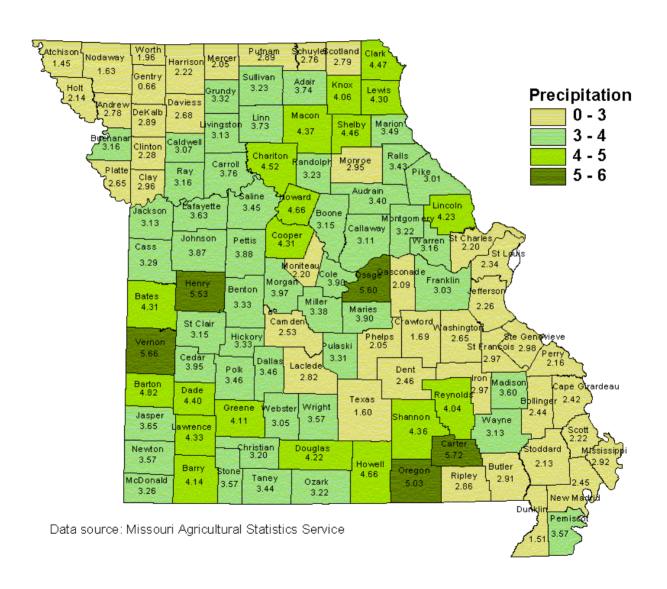


Local conditions may vary. See accompanying text summary for forecast statements.

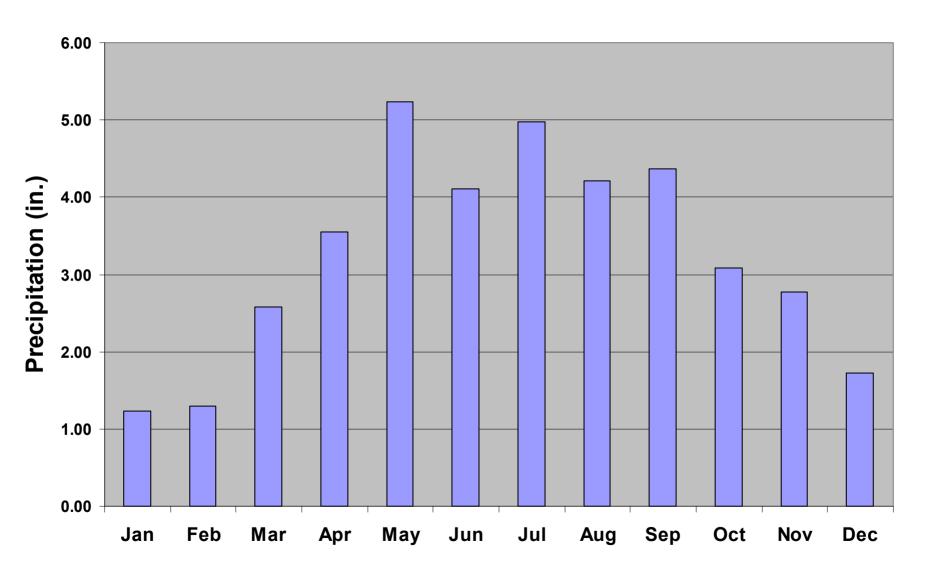
http://drought.unl.edu/dm

Released Wednesday, January 8, 2004
Author: Rich Tinker, NOAA/NWS/NCEP/CPC

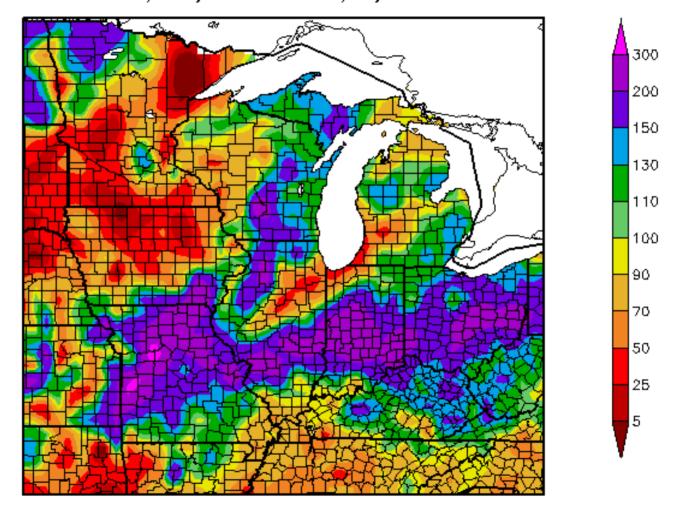
Monthly Precipitation by County (Dec. 2003)



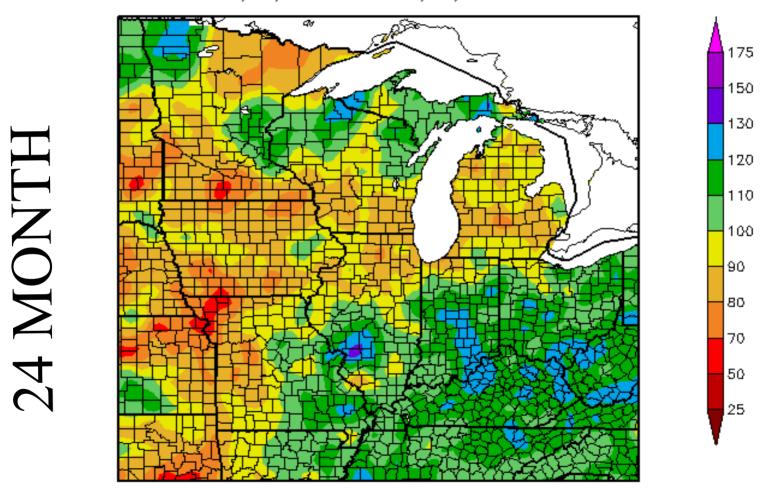
Monthly Average Precipitation for Milan (1971-2000)



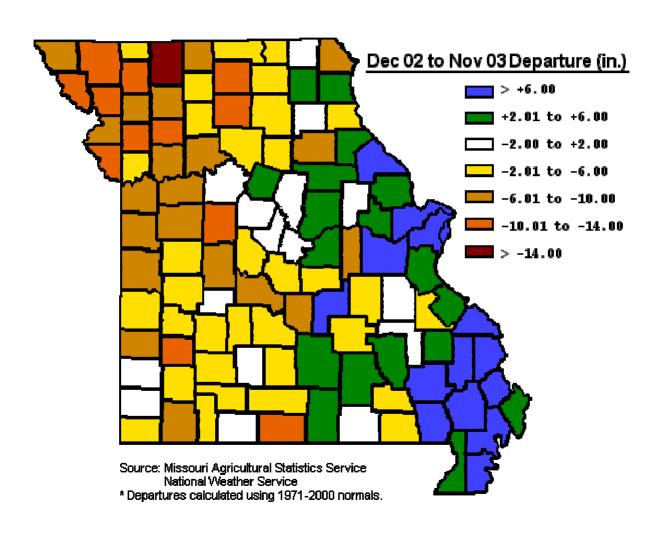
Percent of Normal Precipitation (%) 12/10/2003 - 1/8/2004



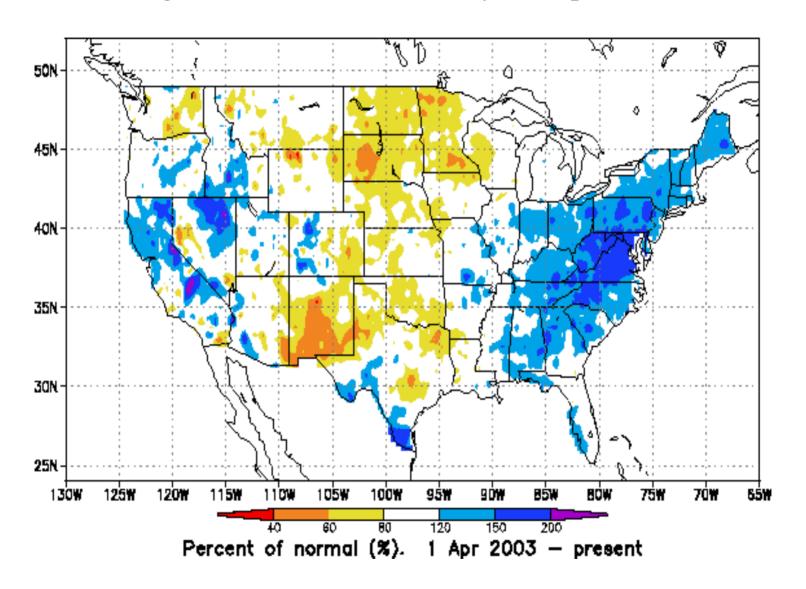
Percent of Normal Precipitation (%) 1/9/2002 - 1/8/2004



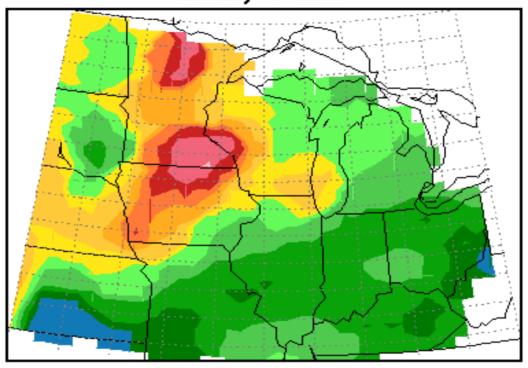
Missouri County Precipitation Departure from Normal From December 2002 to November 2003

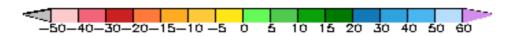


Regional Accumulated Daily Precipitation



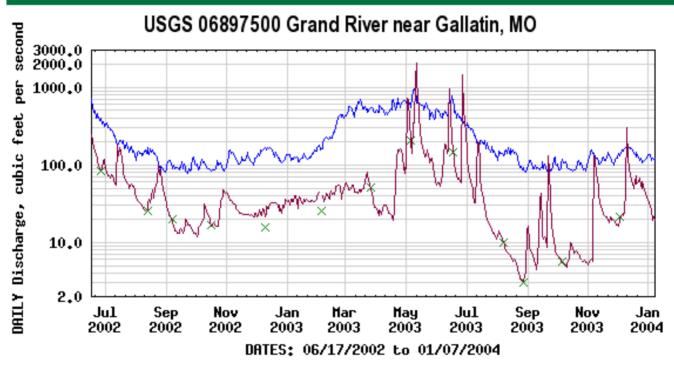
Current Soil Moisture Deviation (%). Depth = 0-72 January-8-2004





Midwestern Regional Climate Center Illinois State Water Survey Champaign, Illinois



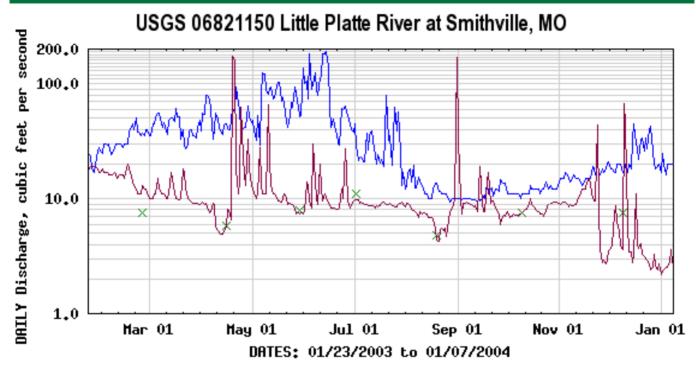


EXPLANATION

- MEDIAN DAILY STREAMFLOW BASED ON 82 YEARS OF RECORD
- × MEASURED Discharge
- DAILY MEAN DISCHARGE

Provisional Data Subject to Revision





EXPLANATION

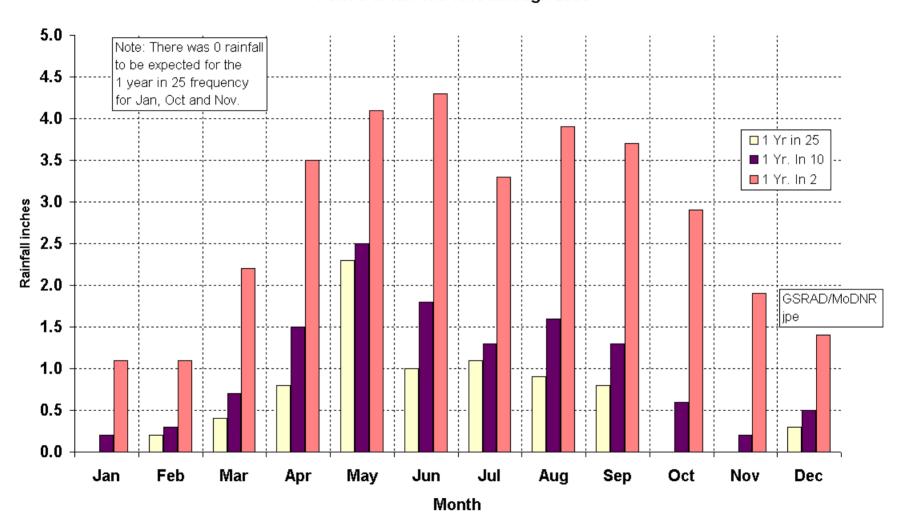
- MEDIAN DAILY STREAMFLOW BASED ON 37 YEARS OF RECORD
- × MEASURED Discharge
- DAILY MEAN DISCHARGE

Provisional Data Subject to Revision

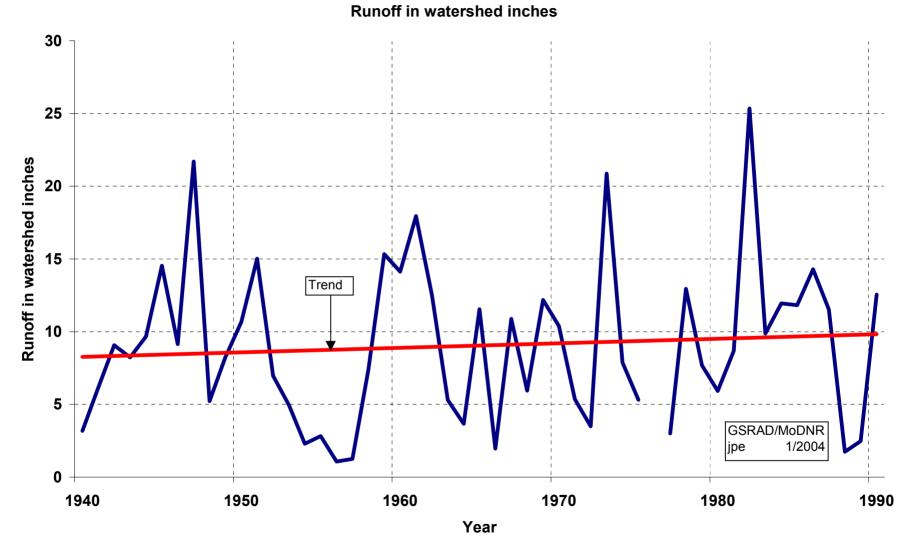


Elmwood Reservoir Predictive Model

Milan, Missouri
Non excedent Rainfall Amounts by Frequency
Period of Record 1950 through 2000

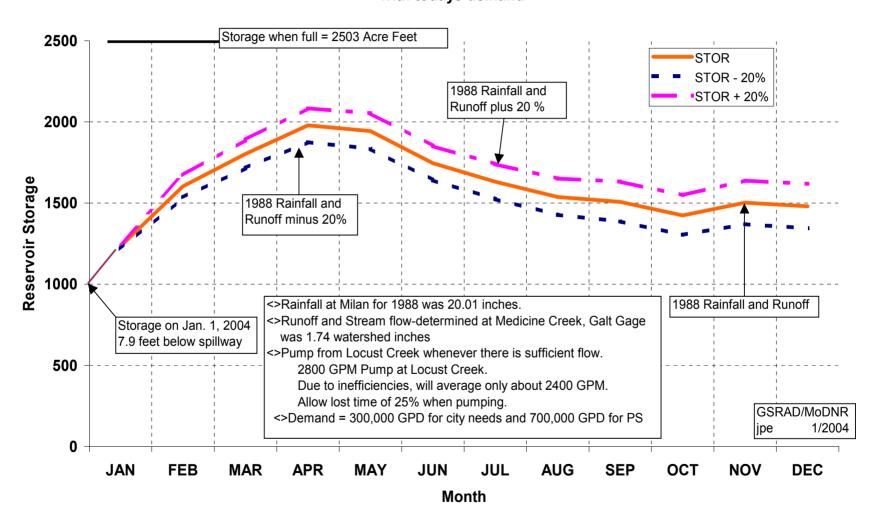


Milan, Missouri Medicine Creek at Galt



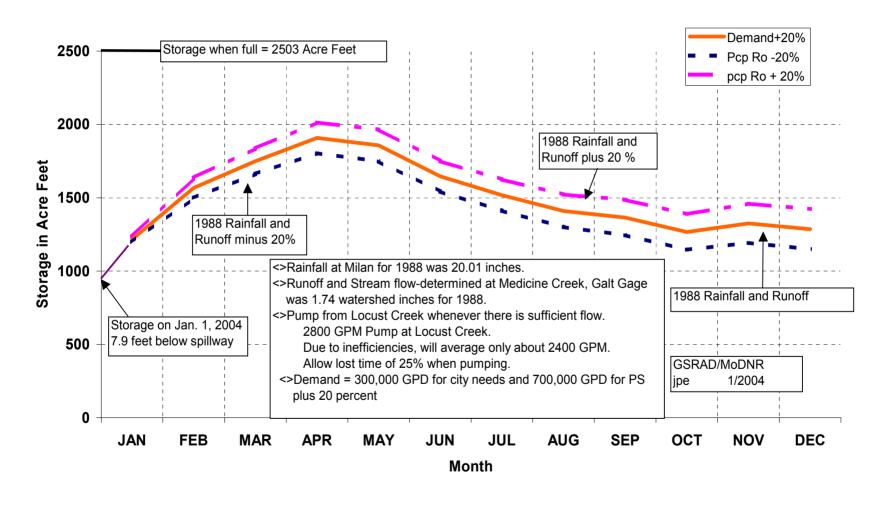
Milan, Missouri

Elmwood Reservoir Projected storage using 1988 rainfall and runoff with todays demand



Milan, Missouri

Elmwood Reservoir Projected Storage using 1988 Rainfall and Runoff With todays demand plus 20 percent



							Milar	١,	Miss	0	uri										
	Days I	ЭУ	month t	th	at flow i	n	Locust	Cr	reek wa	S	sufficie	nt	for Pun	ηp	ing.				1/04		
			Flow in	١L	ocust (r	eek sho	ul	d have	er	ough flo	to allov	۷.	for							
			7-Day Q-10 Frequency flow for downstream flow requirements																		
			before	p	umping	b	egins.														
					Numb	er	of day	S	can pu	m	p										
	<u>Jan</u>		<u>Feb</u>		Mar		<u>Apr</u>		May		<u>Jun</u>		<u>Jul</u>		<u>Aug</u>		Sep	<u>Oct</u>	Nov		<u>Dec</u>
1988	31		29		31		30		18		5		10		10		10	5	17		9
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					Acre F	6	et that	Cá	an be p	ur	mped										





impacts ease

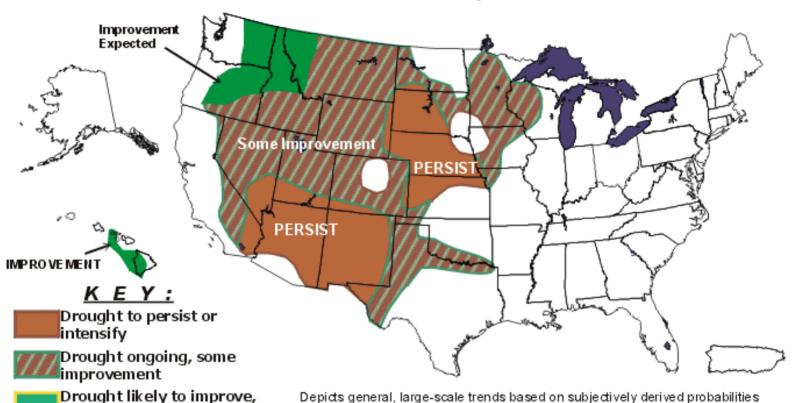
likely

Drought development

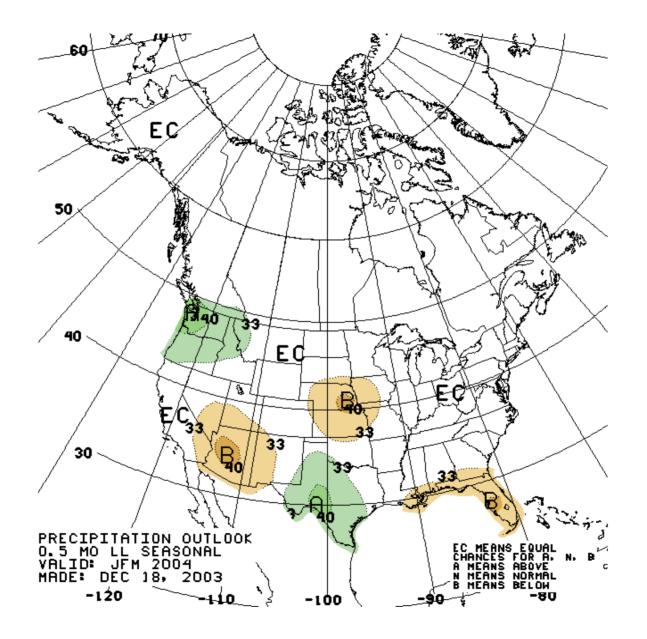
U. S. Seasonal Drought Outlook



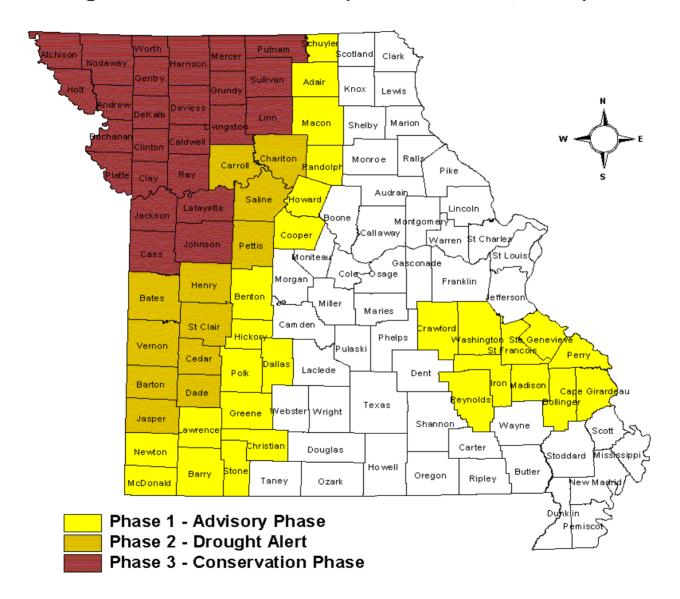
Through March 2004 Released December 18, 2003



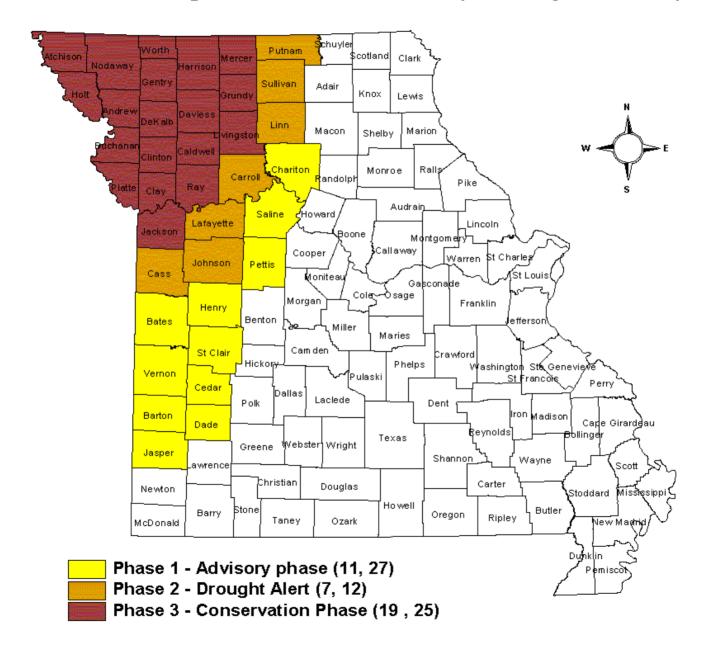
Depicts general, large-scale trends based on subjectively derived probabilities guided by numerous indicators, including short and long-range statistical and dynamical forecasts. Short-term events -- such as individual storms -- cannot be accurately forecast more than a few days in advance, so use caution if using this outlook for applications -- such as crops -- that can be affected by such events. "Ongoing" drought areas are schematically approximated from the Drought Monitor (D1 to D4). For weekly drought updates, see the latest Drought Monitor map and text.



Drought Condition Status (November 13, 2003)



Interim Drought Condition Status (January 12, 2004)



Feasibility Study and Master Plan for New Water Supply Reservoir

Presentation to

North Central Missouri Regional Water Commission

Feasibility Study and Master Plan for New Water Supply Reservoir



Presenters

- David Silverstein Reservoir
 Evaluation Lead
- Ted Kelly Economic Analyses

Feasibility Study

- Define Purpose and Need
- Alternatives Evaluation
- Why? To Ensure Project is
 Defensible to Federal and State
 Loan and Grant Agencies, Public,
 and Others

Feasibility Study

- Estimated 2042 Population of 21,000
- Future Average Demand of 5.75 MGD
- Defined Water Quality Required

Feasibility Study

Alternatives

- Develop List
- Water Sources
- Screening Engineering,
 Environmental, & Economic
- Recommendation E. Locust Creek
 Reservoir Preferred Alternative



- Water Supply Yield
- Sedimentation
- Flood Routing
- Wave Analysis
- Transportation/Utilities Impacts

Water Supply Infrastructure

- Water Source Facilities
- Pumping/Transmission

Environmental Analysis

- Wetland Impacts
- Threatened and Endangered Species
- Cultural Resources
- Social Impacts

Master Plan Economic Analysis

- Construction/Capital Costs
- Land Acquisition
- Operation and Maintenance
- Present Worth Analysis
- Water Unit Costs

Yield Results:

- 5.75 MGD can be provided with a Pool Elevation of 910'.
 - Considers Sedimentation
 - Provides Pool for Fish and Wildlife
 - Allows for Seepage Losses and Required Flow Releases
- Probability of Failure 2%
- Relatively Stable Pool Except During Drought

Dam and Reservoir:

- Drainage Area of 32.9 Square Miles
- Pool Area at El. 910' = 1600 Acres
- Pool Volume = 34,000 Acre Feet
- Maximum Flood Elevation = 928'
- Top of Dam = El. 933' (Max. Height = 73 Ft.)
- Approx.. Dam Length = 2100 Feet
- Spillway = 25' Dia. Drop Inlet & 13' Dia. Pipe
- Aux. Spillway = 400' Cut in West Abutment

Dam Facts:

- Volume = 935,000 Cubic Yards Consisting of:
 - Clay Core
 - Chimney Drain and Finger Drains
 - Soil Fill
- Slurry Trench Required for:
 - Seepage Reduction
 - Dam Stability

Master Plan Impacts to Utilities and Infrastructure

- Numerous County Roads to be Closed
 - Alternate Access Available
- State Rte. N to be Closed W/O Replacement
- Relocation of Water, Phone and Power Utilities Required

Master Plan

Land Acquisition

- Permanent Acquisition for Pool and Buffer = 3875 Acres
- 15 Residences
- Flood Storage Easements = 1500 acres

Master Plan

Environmental Analysis

- Wetlands Approx. 200 acres in Pool
- Stream 6 miles Impacted
- T&E Species Indiana bat
- Cultural Resources Native American Sites

Master Plan

Economic Analysis

- Capital Costs
 - Water Treatment Plant \$5.18M
 - Dam and Reservoir \$11.26M (75% Sponsor)
 - Water Supply Improvements and Infrastructure Costs -\$4.96M
 - Land Acquisition \$5.5M
 - Engineering, Surveys, Geotech, Legal \$3.24M
 - Wetland and Archeological Mitigation \$1.3M
 - Total Cost \$31.44M (\$20.74M NCMRWC)

Master Plan Economic Analysis

• Unit Cost of Water



Key Inputs – Plant Purchase

Starting Year	2004
Water Plant Capital	
Milan Plant Purchase Capital Requirement	\$3,564,500
Milan Plant Purchase Additional Capital	\$482,200
Milan Plant Purchase Grant Funding	\$1,214,000
Milan Plant Purchase Capital less Grants	\$2,832,700
The state of the s	+=,00=,.00
Supplemental Pipeline & Intake Capital Requirement	\$1,136,000
Pipeline & Intake Grant Funding	\$0
Pipeline & Intake Capital less Grants	\$1,136,000
Interest Rate for Debt Financing	4.75%
Term of Project Financing - years	25
Plant COM	
Plant O&M Inflation Rate for Labor/Materials	4.0%
Inflation Rate for Energy	2.5%
Energy Unit Cost (\$/kWh)	\$0.0690
Average Monthly Energy Use (kWh)	55,000
Demand Charge (\$/kW)	\$206
Average Demand (kW)	8.50
Other Utility Costs (Gas?)	20,000
Plant Labor	\$109,100
City Labor Offset (10%)	-\$10,900
Routine Maintenance (1% of Plant Capital)	\$35,600
Chemical Costs per Thousand Gallons	\$0.275
General and Administration Expenses	\$125,000
Lake Lease per Thousand Gallons	\$0.150
Renewal & Replacement Fund Requirement	\$20,000
rtenewal a replacement rand rtequirement	Ψ20,000
Water Usage	
Milan Treated Water	0.350 [1]
Sullivan County #1 Treated Water	0.328 [1]
Green City Treated Water	0.094 [1]
ConAgra Treated Water	0.363 [1]
Other Treated Water Customers (Begin 2010)	0.450
PSF Raw Water	0.725 [1]
Milan Water Usage Growth	0.68%
Sullivan County #1 Water Usage Growth	1.71%
Green City Water Usage Growth	0.98%
Raw Water Usage Growth (first 10 years)	5.00%
Raw Water Usage Growth (after 10 years)	2.64%
ConAgra Water Usage Growth	9.04%
Other Treated Water Growth	5.00%
Return	
Return (% of O&M expense, Years 1-5)	5%
Return (% of O&M expense, Years10 and beyond)	10%

[1] 2002 Average MGD

Projected Water Costs Plant Purchase

	<u>Years 1 - 5</u> \$/1000 gal	<u>Years 6 - 10</u> \$/1000 gal	<u>Years 11 - 15</u> \$/1000 gal	<u>Years 16 - 20</u> \$/1000 gal	<u>Years 21 -25</u> \$/1000 gal
No ConAgra, No Grants					
Treated Water	2.6035	1.9949	1.8508	1.8475	1.8507
Raw Water	0.6001	0.3991	0.3783	0.3832	0.3894
Including Grants, No ConAgra					
Treated Water	2.3115	1.7987	1.6952	1.7117	1.7333
Raw Water	0.6001	0.3991	0.3783	0.3832	0.3894
Including ConAgra, No Grants					
Treated Water	1.9053	1.4390	1.2848	1.1961	1.1162
Raw Water	0.5084	0.3137	0.2828	0.2653	0.2465
Including ConAgra and Grants					
Treated Water	1.7166	1.3140	1.1928	1.1257	1.0637
Raw Water	0.5084	0.3137	0.2828	0.2653	0.2465

Key Inputs – Plant Purchase and Dam Construction

Starting Year	2004
Water Plant Capital	#0.504.500
Milan Plant Purchase Capital Requirement Milan Plant Purchase Additional Capital	\$3,564,500 \$482,200
Milan Plant Purchase Grant Funding	\$1,214,000
Milan Plant Purchase Capital less Grants	\$2,832,700
Wilder Flance Capital 1655 Cranto	Ψ2,002,700
Supplemental Pipeline & Intake Capital Requirement	\$1,136,000
Pipeline & Intake Grant Funding	\$0
Pipeline & Intake Capital less Grants	\$1,136,000
Interest Rate for Debt Financing	4.75%
Term of Project Financing - years	25
Term or Froject Financing - years	23
Phase 1 Capital	
Investment Year	2005
Dam and Reservoir Construction Capital	\$26,265,000
Dam Construction Grant Funding	\$10,699,000
Dam Construction Capital less Grants	\$15,566,000
Interest Rate for Debt Financing Term of Project Financing - years	5.00% 25
Term of Project Financing - years	25
Phase 2 Capital	
Investment Year	2020
Dam and Reservoir Construction Capital	\$32,450,000
Dam Construction Grant Funding	\$0
Dam Construction Capital less Grants	\$32,450,000
Interest Rate for Debt Financing	6.00%
Term of Project Financing - years	25
Plant O&M	
Inflation Rate for Labor/Materials	4.0%
Inflation Rate for Energy	2.5%
Energy Unit Cost (\$/kWh)	\$0.0690
Average Monthly Energy Use (kWh)	55,000
Demand Charge (\$/kW)	\$206
Average Demand (kW)	8.50
Other Utility Costs (Gas?)	20,000
Plant Labor City Labor Offset (10%)	\$109,100 -\$10,900
Routine Maintenance (1% of Plant Capital)	\$35,600
Chemical Costs per Thousand Gallons	\$0.275
General and Administration Expenses	\$125,000
Lake Lease per Thousand Gallons	\$0.150
Renewal & Replacement Fund Requirement	\$20,000
Dam & Reservoir O&M	#40.000
Phase 1 Phase 2	\$40,000 \$150,000
Filase 2	\$150,000
Water Usage	
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D. A	
Return	5%
Return (% of O&M expense, Years 1-5) Return (% of O&M expense, Years10 and beyond)	10%
retain (75 57 Gailli expense, Tears to and beyond)	1370
[1] 2002 Average MGD	

Projected Water Costs Plant Purchase and Dam Construction

	<u>Years 1 - 5</u> \$/1000 gal	<u>Years 6 - 10</u> \$/1000 gal	<u>Years 11 - 15</u> \$/1000 gal	<u>Years 16 - 20</u> \$/1000 gal	<u>Years 21 -25</u> \$/1000 gal
No ConAgra, No Grants Including Phase 1 & 2 Capital Treated Water Raw Water	4.1091 2.1057	3.3733 1.7779	2.9800 1.5074	4.6298 3.1655	4.6944 3.2329
Including Grants, No ConAgra Including Phase 1 & 2 Capital Treated Water	3.8171	3.1771	2.8244	4.4940	4.5770
Raw Water	2.1057	1.7779	1.5074	3.1655	3.2329
Including ConAgra, No Grants Including Phase 1 & 2 Capital					
Treated Water Raw Water	3.0822 1.6854	2.4990 1.3739	2.1032 1.1011	3.0241 2.0933	2.8022 1.9325
Including ConAgra and Grants Including Phase 1 & 2 Capital					
Treated Water Raw Water	2.8935 1.6854	2.3740 1.3739	2.0112 1.1011	2.9538 2.0933	2.7497 1.9325

NEPA Process The Next Step

- Environmental Impact Study Required With or Without Federal Funding Due to Likely Impacts
- Comprehensive Investigation of Possible Environmental, Social, and Cultural Resource Impacts
- Takes 12 to 15 Months to Complete!
- NRCS Leading Effort with Support From B&McD
- Costs for Dam and Reservoir 100% NRCS
- Costs for Distribution System 100% NCMRWC

• Permitting - Corps of Engineers, MO. Dept. of Natural Resources, Others

- Surveys & Final Geotechnical Investigations
- Construction Drawings & Specifications
- Land Acquisition Must Own Land Before Construction Can Begin
- Time Frame 12 Months Minimum
- Construction? Early 2006 (Best Case), Mid 2006 (More Likely)

Thank You

Questions?

